

Kala Azar In South Asia Current Status And Sustainable Challenges

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Kala Azar In South Asia
Visceral leishmaniasis (VL), (also known as black fever or Kala-azar) is a life-threatening disease first reported from the Indian subcontinent. VL ranks as the world’s second largest parasitic disease killer and is a neglected tropical disease. Most of those infected by this life-threatening disease are uneducated daily wagers working to support their families, and vectors easily disseminate the disease to their neighbors.

Kala Azar in South Asia | SpringerLink
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Kala Azar in South Asia: Current Status and Sustainable ...
In developing countries successful diagnosis and treatment are complicated by asymptomatic cases, undernutrition and Kala-azar/HIV co-infections. This book brings together world-renown experts writing state-of-arts review on the progress in diagnosis and treatment of visceral leishmaniasis, ultimately leading to the complete elimination of this fatal disease from South Asia.

Kala Azar in South Asia | SpringerLink
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Kala Azar in South Asia: Current Status and Challenges ...
Devastating epidemics of visceral leishmaniasis, also known as kala-azar, have been recorded on the Indian subcontinent since the early 19th century, 1 most commonly affecting poor people. 2 The three most affected countries in South Asia are India, Bangladesh, and Nepal. Sporadic cases have been reported in Bhutan and Sri Lanka.

Eliminating visceral leishmaniasis in South Asia: the road ...
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Kala-azar is caused by a parasite, Leishmania donovani. Recent review indicates that worldwide 98 countries are endemic for kala-azar. Approximately 0.2-0.4 million new VL cases occur each year worldwide. 90% of global VL cases occur in Bangladesh, Brazil, Ethiopia, India, South Sudan,

Elimination of Kala-Azar from the Southeast Asia Region.
The preparatory phase for the elimination of kala-azar from South-East Asia is nearing completion. The emphasis is now on the attack phase which will focus on the endemic villages and through the primary health-care units. This will include actively finding kala-azar cases and performing rapid point-of-care diagnosis and treatment with a single dose of liposomal amphotericin B at the primary health-care unit.

Regional strategic framework for elimination of kala-azar ...
Visceral leishmaniasis (VL), also known as kala-azar, is the most severe form of leishmaniasis and, without proper diagnosis and treatment, is associated with high fatality. Leishmaniasis is a disease caused by protozoan parasites of the genus Leishmania.

Visceral leishmaniasis - Wikipedia
Therapeutic regimens for visceral leishmaniasis (also Kala-azar, Dum-dum fever or black fever), caused by parasitic protozoa of the Leishmania genus, Our Stores Are Open Book Annex Membership Educators Gift Cards Stores & Events Help

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Kala Azar in South Asia : Current Status and Challenges Ahead, Hardcover by Jha, T. K. (EDT); Noiri, E. (EDT), ISBN 9400702760, ISBN-13 9789400702769, Like New Used. Free shipping in the US This book covers the diagnosis and treatment of visceral leishmaniasis. It provides valuable information for disease control as well as therapy and the diagnostic improvements necessary for early treatment. ...

Kala Azar in South Asia : Current Status and Challenges ...
South-East Asia poised to defeat visceral leishmaniasis (kala-azar) 19 October 2015 | Geneva — Three countries of WHO’s South-East Asia Region – Bangladesh, India and Nepal – are poised to eliminate visceral leishmaniasis (kala-azar) as a public health problem. The number of cases has reduced by 53%, from a high of 182 000 cases during 2005–2008 to 85 000 cases during 2011–2014.

WHO | South-East Asia poised to defeat visceral ...
Kala azar in India refers to the special circumstances of the disease kala azar as it exists in India. Kala azar is a major health problem in India with an estimated 146,700 new cases per year as of 2012. In the disease a parasite causes sickness after migrating to internal organs such as the liver, spleen and bone marrow. If left untreated the disease almost always results in the death. Signs and symptoms include fever, weight loss, fatigue, anemia, and substantial swelling of the liver and spl

Kala azar in India - Wikipedia
Kala Azar in South Asia | Therapeutic regimens for visceral leishmaniasis (also Kala-azar, Dum-dum fever or black fever), caused by parasitic protozoa of the Leishmania genus, evolve at a pace never seen before.

Kala Azar in South Asia : Current Status and Challenges ...
Because of the high endemicity limited to one geographical region and the availability of good diagnostic and treatment tools, in 2005 The Kala Azar Elimination Program was established as a regional initiative by the governments of Bangladesh, India and Nepal with the goal to eliminate VL in South Asia.

The safety and efficacy of miltefosine in the long-term ...
Since 1990, South Asia has experienced a resurgence of kala-azar (visceral leishmaniasis). To determine risk factors for kala-azar, we performed cross-sectional surveys over a 3-year period in a Bangladeshi community. By history, active case detection, and serologic screening, 155 of 2,356 residents had kala-azar with onset from 2000 to 2003.

Risk Factors for Kala-Azar in Bangladesh - Volume 11 ...
Sabre-rattling in the South China Sea The South China Sea, in which China’s territorial claims overlap with several south-east Asian nations, is also a focus of tension pitting the US against China.

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